



Islamic Education Grade Three لصدقة



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Foreword

Praise be to Allah, Alone, and Peace and Blessings of Allah be upon Prophet Muhammad after whom there is no other prophet:

The life of the Muslim Nation is closely linked to Islamic education, since it is the basis of the correct belief and worship of the Muslim, and by which the Muslim distinguishes between what is permitted (Halal) and prohibited (Haram) in Islam; their faith in Sharia and completeness thereof is firmly established; their souls are purified and their morals are rectified.

Young people are from among the top priority groups of the society that need care and education. Due to the dire need of several private schools, in the non-Arabic speaking countries, for a curriculum specialized in Islamic Education that contributes to teaching the children of Muslims what they need of the assignments of the Islamic religion, building their personalities, and purifying them, we in BASAER have prepared this curriculum.

The project started with a field study, workshops, and intensive focus sessions, with which we have developed a visualization of what the target learner needs in this curriculum. This visualization has been translated according to general guidelines, upon which a framework of the curriculum has been established, then the document of the curriculum has been built and has been thereafter translated into (12) twelve books for the learner, and the same number of books for the teacher.

We took special care of topics, we believe, are needed by the learner, such as the fundamentals of the Islamic science regarding the Qur'an, Sunnah, the guidance of the Prophet, jurisprudence of faith, and the jurisprudence of judgements, taking into account building the character of the learners, purification of their souls, and enabling them with great behavior and the robust Islamic culture.

We have exerted our best efforts to prepare the learners' book in an easy, facilitated language, and in a content that is appropriate, in terms of its depth and amount of details, with the needs and cognitive ability of the learner. The project's outputs have passed through several phases of proofreading and scientific review through various teams of specialists. We do not claim perfection and distinction. We are satisfied with the efforts that we have made according to our best ability. We supplicate to Allah to make this work purely intended for Him, and a light for the learners, and to make it a benefit and reward for all those who contributed to its sponsorship and support. May Allah's Peace and Blessings be upon our Prophet Muhammad, his family and his companions.

Project Supervisor

Dr. Mohammed Ibn 'Abd Allah Al-Dewish

Preface



All gratitude is due to Allah, the Lord of the Worlds. May the peace and blessings of Allah be upon our Prophet Muhammad, his family and companions to the Day of Recompense.

Dear student,

This is the third book in the **Islamic Education** curricula series that aims to teach the young Muslim generation about the fundamentals of their belief, Islamic law (the Sharia), manners, and to build their characters in light of the educational approach of Islam.

This book contains short commentaries on Surahs of *al-Baiyinah*, *al-Duhā*, *al-Sharh*, *al-Tīn*, *al-*'*Alaq* and *al-Qadr*, with guidance on the most important scholarly and educational lessons to be deduced from the Ayahs of these Surahs, and manner of how to deal with the Muṣhaf. As far as the guidance of Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) is concerned, we learn the *Adhkār* that should be observed in the morning and in the evening, the virtues of showing love to him (ﷺ) and the positions wherein it is recommended to confer blessings and peace upon him along with showcasing the significance of this very act, so that students would be brought up with their hearts filled with reverence to him (ﷺ) and so that his love would be entrenched into their souls.

In this book, we renew our belief in Allah and glorifying Him, through laying emphasis on the fact that No one but Allah deserves to be worshipped, and He has All-Perfect Knowledge; and He is the One Whose Hearing and Sight encompass everything in the universe. In addition, we aim to show Allah's All-Greatness and Omnipotence so that students' glorification to Him, the Most High, would increase, and thus they would compete to offer acts of worship and make $Du'\bar{a}\bar{a}'$ to Him Alone.

It is through this book also that students would apply the perfect way of making $wu d\bar{u}$ and Salah. Besides, they would learn the nullifiers of $wu d\bar{u}$ and the Adhkār of the Salah in detail and in a manner suiting this educational stage.

Regarding manners, students would complete studying the rights of the parents through exposing to the forms of disobedience against which Islam has warned. Depending on actual situations from daily life, students would then be instructed to apply the forms of showing respect to the elderly and teachers, so that the impact would be more influential on their behavior and persuasive to their minds.

We spared no effort to produce this book in accordance with scholarly principles and modern educational criteria, while seriously considering the following:

- starting each lesson with pre-teaching activities to attract your attention and to motivate you.
- Designing tables, figures and mind maps to help you fully understand the content of the book.
- Including educational activities that can realize educational goals as per the Active Learning Strategies, taking into account that they should:
 - Be integrated within the curriculum to achieve the objectives of the lesson, considering the nature and essence of the subject area.
 - Develop the various aspects of your character traits and skills.
 - Be diversified as to the way of implementation (individually or collectively), the place where they should be implemented (inside/outside the classroom), and forms of implementation (written, verbal, movement-based, or mental).
- Putting evaluation questions at the end of lessons to test correct understanding of the lesson and its goals.

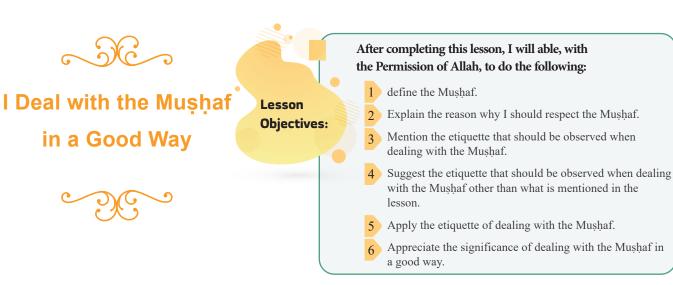
We hope this book achieves the goals we aspired to, and that it is a guide with the simplicity of its content, the clarity of its presentation, the effectiveness of its activities, and the breadth of its evaluation.

We ask Allah, the Most High, to make this book beneficial for students and to accept this effort from us for He is the All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

May the peace and blessings of Allah be upon our Prophet Muhammad, his family and companions.

Unit One





Introduction



The father saw his little son Ahmad, who does not read well, turning the pages of the Mushaf with no respect, so he kindly took it from him and said to his brother Muhammad, "Put the Mushaf on a high shelf in the library."





Unit One

Muhammad then asked his father, "Why did you take the Mushaf from my brother Ahmad, father?"

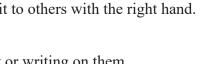
The Father replied, "Because the Glorious Qur'an is the Speech of Allah, the Most High. So, every Muslim must deal with it politely and respectfully."

Muhammad then said, "What is the etiquette that should be observed when dealing with the Mushaf, father?"

The father replied, "Every Muslim should:

- perform $Wud\bar{u}$ (ablution) before touching the Mushaf.
- keep it in a high place.
- Avoid putting anything over it. 3
- Close it after finishing recitation. 4
- Hold it with their right hand and respectfully deliver it to others with the right hand. 5
- safeguard it by avoiding turning its pages impudently or writing on them. 6
- Not sit on it or stretch their leg forth while it is in front of them. 7
- Not carry it along to toilets. 8

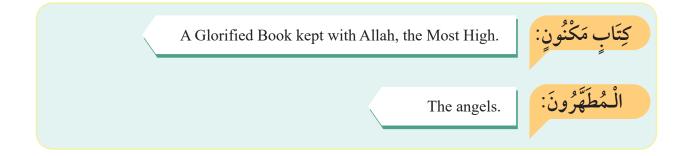
Muhammad said, "May Allah reward you the best, father. With the Permission of Allah, the Almighty, I will observe the etiquette of dealing with the Mushaf."





I recite and memorize:

Allah, the Almighty, says: Indeed, it is a noble Qur'an (77) In a Register well-protected; (78) None touch it except the purified. (79) (*al-Wāqi 'ah*: 77-79). قال الله تعالى: ﴿إِنَّهُ لَقَرَءَانُ كَدِيمٌ ٢ فَ كِنَبِ مَكَنُونِ ٢ لَا يَمَسُمُ إِلَا ٱلْمُطَهَّرُونَ ٢ ﴾ (الْوَاقِعَةُ ٧٧-٧٩).

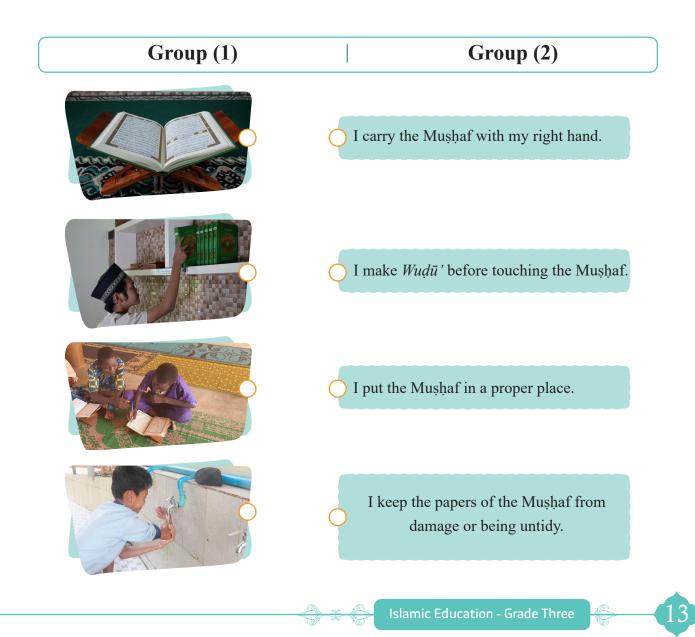


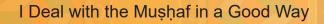
I think and then I answer:

If Muhammad found that his little brother had torn a page from the Muṣḥaf by mistake, **what is the right action he should take**?

	Unit One	
Activit	ties	
• Activity 1: I match		

▶ I match pictures in group (1) with the suitable sentences in group (2):





• Activity 2: I highlight the appropriate rectangle

• Activity 3: I cooperate with my classmates

I highlight the rectangle that contains the etiquette that should be observed when dealing with the Mushaf:

Not to speak loudly	Asking for permission	'Wuḍū	Apology
··	`'	·	··

Under the supervision of my teacher, and in collaboration with the members of my group, I deduce the etiquette that should be observed when dealing with the Mushaf other than those highlighted in the lesson. I shall then write it on a board and show it to my classmates.







• Q1: I put (~) before the correct sentence and (×) before the wrong one:

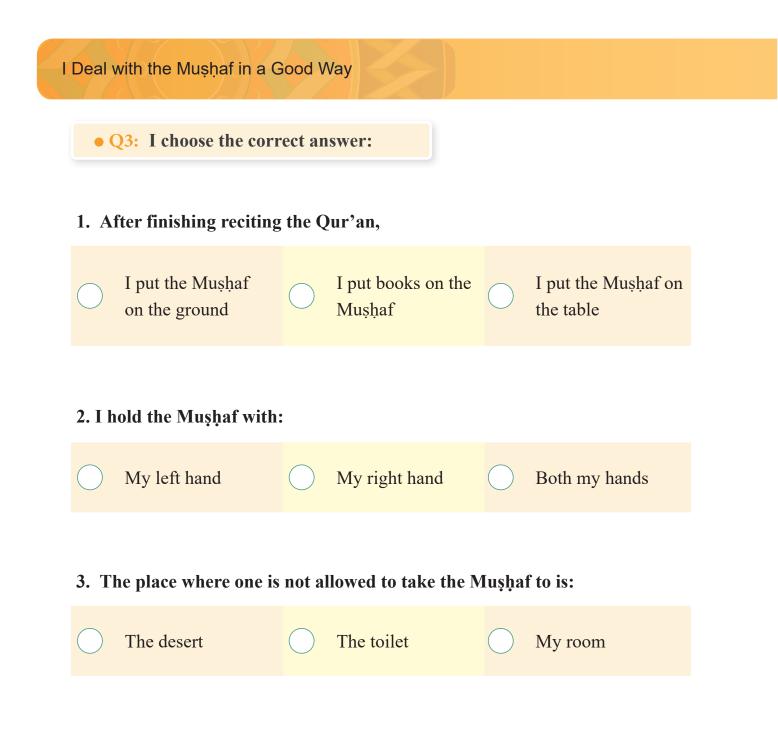
1	I write my name on the Mushaf so that it would not be lost.	
2	I go to the toilet, and then hold the Muṣḥaf before washing my hands.	
3	I put the Mushaf in a specific, tidy place in my library.	

• Q2: I put (~) in the small box that represents the correct picture:

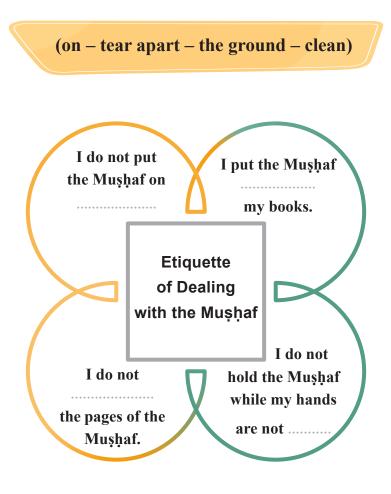




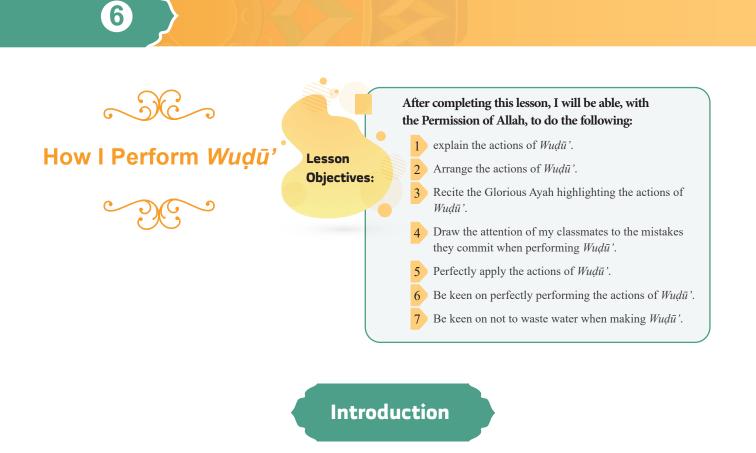
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• Q4: I complete the following figure with the suitable words from the brackets:







Wuḍū' is one of the conditions for the validity of Salah. This means to use water to wash certain organs of the human's body.

In this lesson, we shall study the actions of $Wud\bar{u}$ and perfectly apply them.



Ahmad and Khālid went to perform Wudū' in preparation for Salah. When Ahmad finished his Wudū'...

Khālid said to him politely, "Aḥmad, I noticed that you have made some mistakes while making Wudu'. So, do you agree that I teach you the correct way of making Wudu' as Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) taught us?"

Ahmad replied, "Please, do my friend."

Khālid then said, "Well! Look carefully at this picture and write the action being done by the person who makes $Wud\bar{u}$ ' under each picture."

























Unit One

Khālid then recited the Saying of Allah, the Almighty, "O you who have believed, when you rise to [perform] prayer, wash your faces and your forearms to the elbows and wipe over your heads and wash your feet to the ankles". (*al-Mā'idah*: 6)

﴿ يَتَأَيُّهُا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِذَا قُمْتُمْ إِلَى ٱلصَّلَاةِ

فَأَغْسِلُواْ وُجُوهَكُمْ وَأَيَدِيَكُمْ إِلَى ٱلْمَرَافِقِ

وَٱمۡسَحُواْ بِرُءُوسِكُمۡ وَٱرۡجُلَكُمۡ إِلَى ٱلۡكَعۡبَيۡنِ ﴾

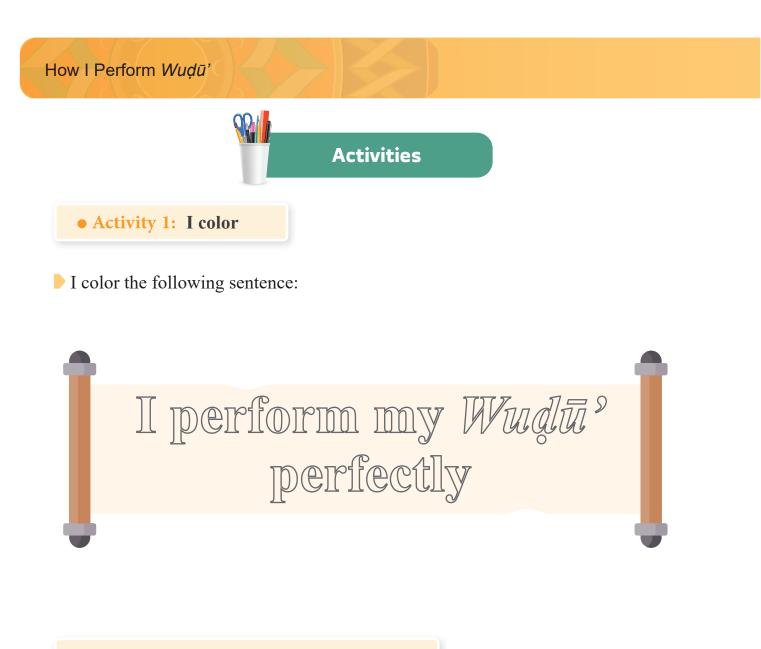
(الْــَائِدَةُ:٦).

Khālid finally said to Aḥmad, "It is recommended not to make a long pause between the actions of Wudu. Rather, you should wash your organs immediately one after the other."

Aḥmad said, "May Allah reward you the best, Khālid; I will re-make $Wud\bar{u}$ ' in accordance with the correct way you taught me."



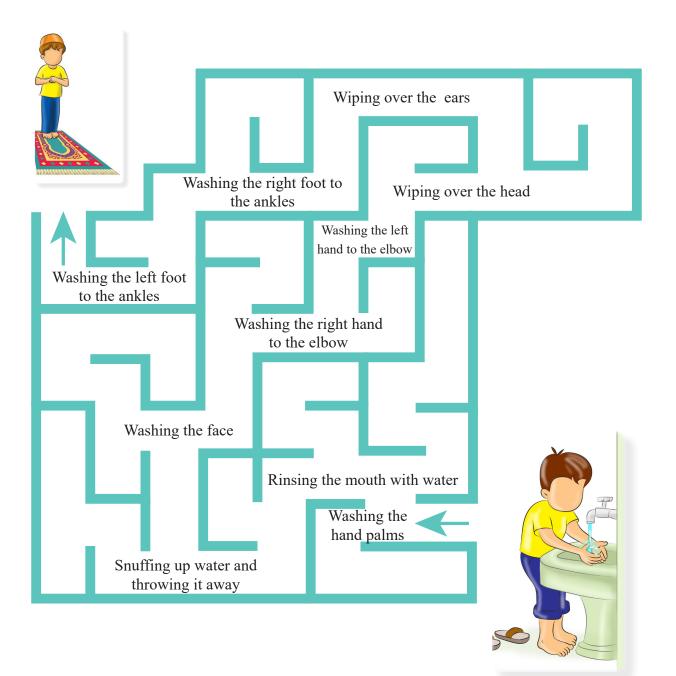
44



• Activity 2: I cooperate with my group

In collaboration with my group, I help Khālid to make Wudū' in preparation for Salah.

Unit One

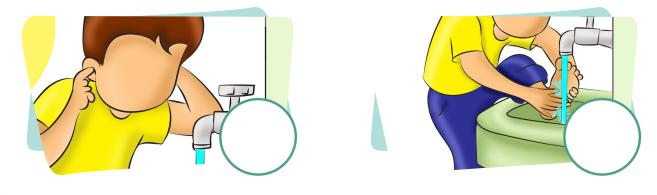


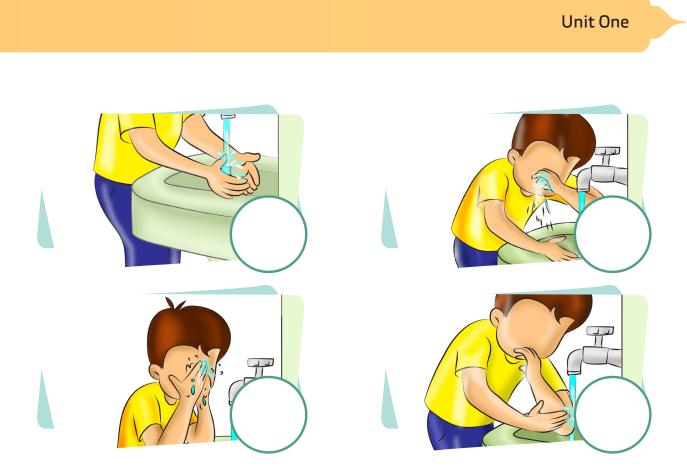
51



• Activity 4: I write the correct number

I write the number indicating how many times a specific organ of $Wud\bar{u}$ shall be washed or wiped over in the following pictures:



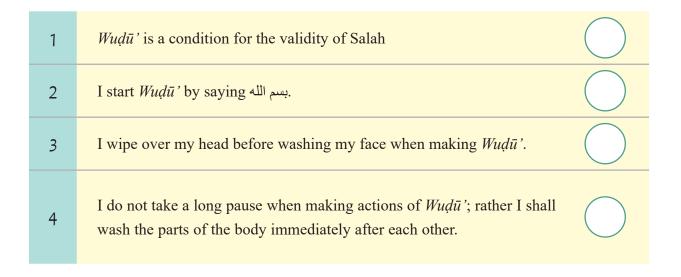


• Activity 5: I design cards

In cooperation with my group I design cards on the actions of $Wud\bar{u}$ and stick them in the correct order on a board, and then show it to my teacher in the classroom.

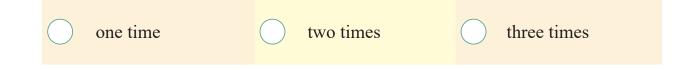


• Q1: I put (~) before the correct sentence and (×) before the wrong one:



• Q2: I choose the correct answer:

1. When I make *Wuḍū*', I wash my hands:



2. $Wu d\bar{u}$ is the use of for washing certain parts of the body.

water	dust	sand
-------	------	------

3. I wash my arms in $Wuda{u}$ to the

elbows ankles	knees
---------------	-------

• Q3: I highlight the semi-circle below the correct picture:





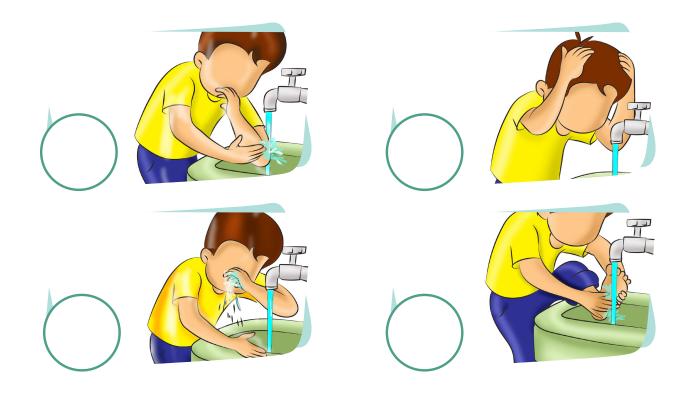


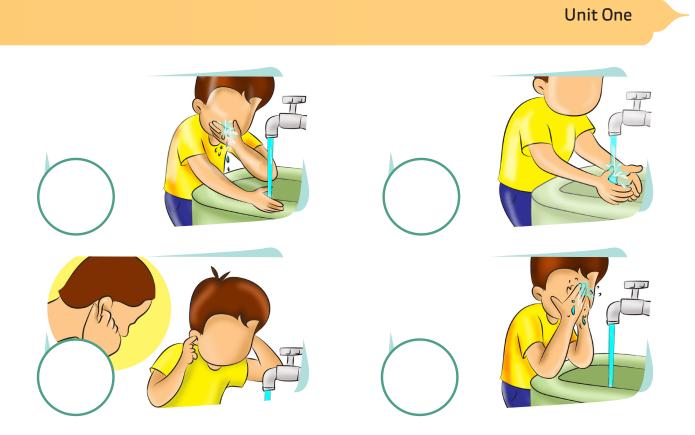
How I Perform Wuḍū'

• Q4: I correct the underlined words in the following sentences:

- 1 I wash my <u>left</u> foot first in *Wuḍū*'.
- 2 I snuff water up <u>four</u> times in $Wud\bar{u}$ '.
- ³ I snuff water and take a <u>long</u> pause before I wash my face.

• Q5: I arrange the following pictures according to the correct order of *Wudū* ' actions:

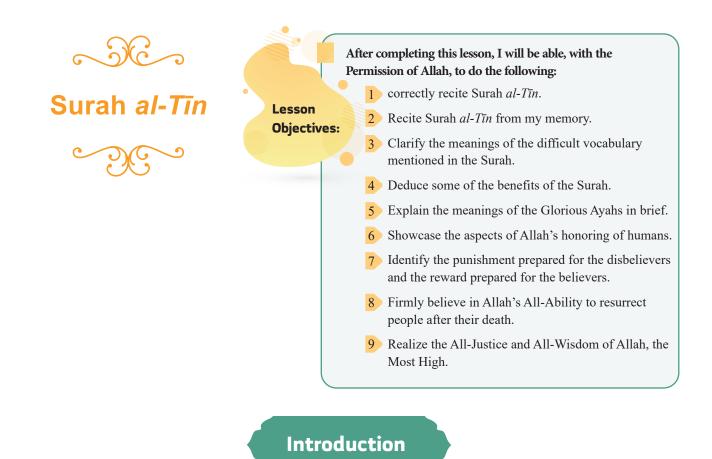




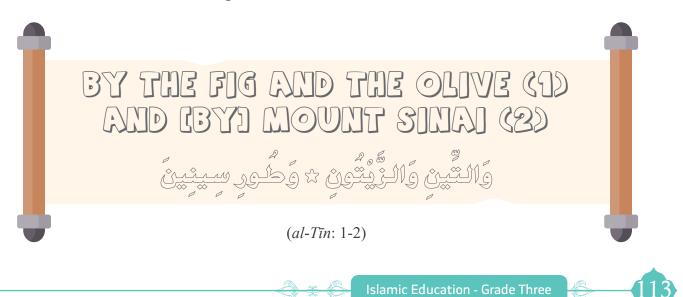




F



I color the word indicating the name of the Surah:



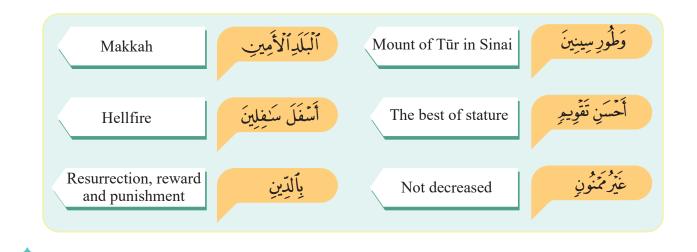
Surah al-Tīn

The Ayahs of the Surah discuss the topic of Allah's honoring of humans, maintaining that Allah, the Almighty, has created them in the best of stature. So, whoever does not believe in Him, Glorified is He, nor thanks Him for His Blessings, will be punished with Hellfire. On the other hand, whoever believes in Him, Glorified is He, and does good deeds, will be rewarded with Paradise. After recording this evidence, it is inconceivable that humans would deny Allah's Omnipotence to resurrect people after their death. In truth, Allah is the Most Just of judges, and thus does not commit any injustice against anyone.

Allah, the Almighty, says, By the fig and the olive (1) And [by] Mount Sinai (2) And [by] this secure city [Makkah], (3) We have certainly created man in the best of stature; (4) Then We return him to the lowest of the low, (5) Except for those who believe and do righteous deeds, for they will have a reward uninterrupted. (6) So what yet causes you to deny the Recompense? (7) Is not Allah the most just of judges? (8) (*al-Tīn*: 1-8)

يَقُولُ اللهُ تَعَالَى: ﴿وَٱلِنِّينِ وَٱلزَّيْتُونِ ﴾ وَطُورِ سِينِينَ (٢) وَهَٰذَا ٱلْبَلَدِٱلْأَمِينِ (٣) لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا ٱلْإِنسَانَ فِي أَحْسَن تَقُوبِهِ () ثُمَر رَدَدْنَهُ أَسْفَلَ سَفلينَ (إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا ٱلصَّلِحَتِ فَلَهُمُ أَجْرُ غَيْرُ مَنُونِ () فَمَا يُكَذِّبُكَ بَعْدُ بِٱلدِّينِ ﴿ ﴾ أَلَيْسَ أَلَنَّهُ بِأَحْكُمِ ٱلْحَكِمِينَ ﴿ ﴾ ﴾ (التِّينُ: ١ – ٨).

Meaning of Vocabulary



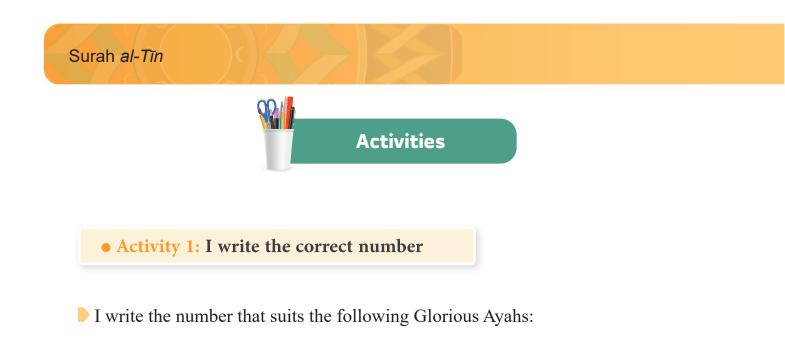
Lessons Learnt

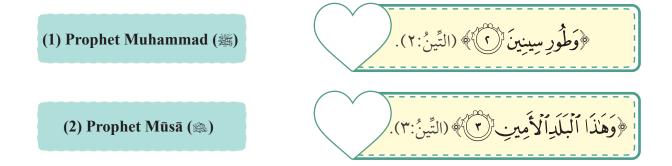


l learn

Abū Hurayrah (ﷺ) said, "When one of you recites "By the fig and the olive" and comes to its end "Is not Allah the Most Just of judge?", he should say: "Certainly, and I am one of those who testify to that." (Narrated by Abū Dāwūd, Hadith No. 887).

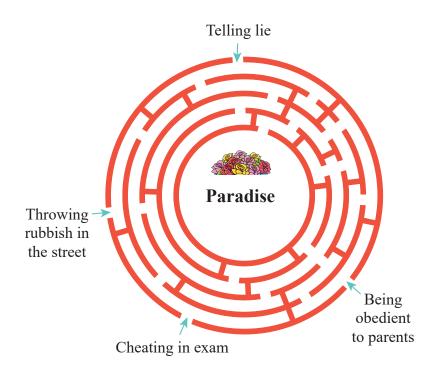
قَالَ أَبُو هُرَيْرَةَ رَضَالِنَهُ عَنْهُ: (مَنْ قَرَأَ ﴿ وَالنِّينِ وَالزَّبْوُنِ () ﴾ فَأَتَى عَلَى آخِرِهَا ﴿ أَلِنَسَ اللهُ بِأَمْتَكِمِ المَّيَحِينَ () ﴾ فَلْيَقُلْ: بَلَى، وَأَنَا عَلَى ذَلِكَ مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ) (رَوَاهُ أَبُو دَاوُدَ ٨٨٧).











• Activity 3: I discuss with my classmates

I discuss with my classmates to show the various aspects of Allah's honoring of humans and how He, the Most High, preferred him to other creatures in the universe.

• Activity 4:

With the help of my classmate, I fill in the following blanks:

1 Allah, the Almighty, honored humans with

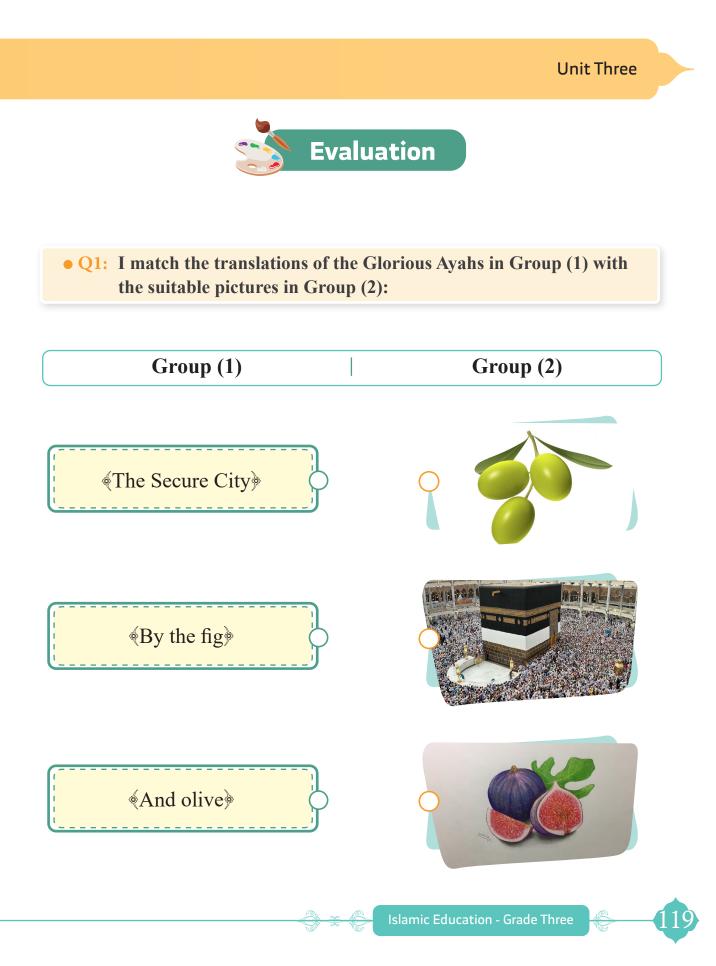
2 Allah, the Most High, created humans in the best of

3 is a kind of fruit not mentioned in Surah *al-Tīn*.

4 on the olive and fig trees.

⁵ What we extract from olives is





• Q2: I fill in the following gaps with the suitable words:

(resurrection - good - Hellfire - form - Paradise)

- 1 Allah, Glorified is He, created man in the best

- 4 Allah is All-Able of

• Q3: I arrange the following Glorious Ayahs in accordance with their arrangement in the Muṣḥaf, and then recite them from memory before my teacher and classmates:

The Glorious Ayah	Number of Ayah
﴿ وَطُورِ سِينِينَ ﴾	
﴿وَٱلنِّينِ وَٱلزَّيْتُونِ ﴾	
﴿وَهَٰذَا ٱلْبَلَدِٱلْأَمِينِ﴾	
﴿ ثُمَرَّ رَدَدْنَهُ أَسْفَلَ سَنِفِلِينَ ﴾	

﴿لَقَدْ خَلَقْنَا ٱلْإِنسَانَ فِي أَحْسَنِ تَقُوِيمِ﴾ ﴿فَمَا يُكَذِّبُكَ بَعَدُ بِٱلدِّينِ ﴾ ﴿ أَلَيْسَ ٱللَّهُ بِأَحْكَمِ ٱلْحَكِمِينَ ﴾ <<p>إَلَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا ٱلصَّلِحَتِ فَلَهُمُ أَجُرُ غَيْرُ مَنْوُنِ ﴾

• Q4: I highlight the odd word in each of the following group of words:



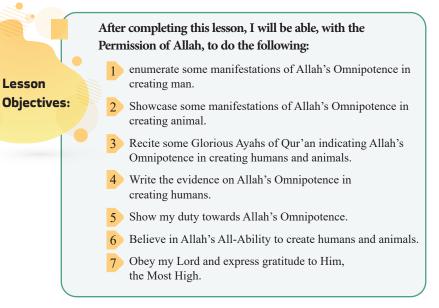


2



Allah, the Most High, is Omnipotent (2)





Introduction

Upon having lunch and observing Salah al-'Asr, the teacher kept the promise he made for his students to complete the explanation of the features of Allah's Omnipotence to them.

The teacher said, "Today we will complete the topic we started this morning, so who could remind us of the topic I told you about?"

'Ādil replied, "We have discussed the topic on the manifestations of Allah's Omnipotence in the Universe."

The teacher said, "May Allah bless you. I shall now tell you about Allah's Omnipotence in creating humans and animals and the Muslims' duty towards it.

The features of Allah's Omnipotence in creating man and animal include:

1. Starting the creation of humans from dust. Allah, the Most High, says, "... and Allah created you from dust ..." .($(F\bar{a}tir:11)$

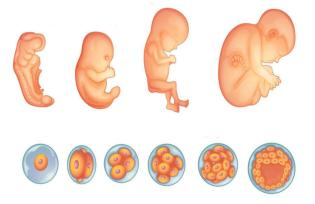


2. The stages of creation of the fetus in the womb: a sperm-drop, then a clinging clot, and then a lump of flesh.

Allah, the Most High, says, "He is Who forms you in the wombs however He wills." (*āl-'Imrān*:6)

قَالَ اللهُ تَعَالَى: ﴿ هُوَ ٱلَّذِى يُمَوِّرُكُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْحَامِ كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ ﴾ (آلُ عِمْرَانَ: ٦).

قَالَ اللهُ تَعَالَى: ﴿ وَٱللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمُ مِّن تُرَابٍ ﴾ (فَاطُرٌ ١١٠).





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3. Birds' ability to outspread/fold their wings so that they could fly in the sky without falling down on earth. Allah, the Most High, says,

"Do they not see the birds above them with wings outspread and [sometimes] folded in? None holds them [aloft] except the Most Merciful." (*al-Mulk*:19)

قَالَ اللهُ تَعَالَى: ﴿ أَوَلَدَيرُوْأَ إِلَى الطَّيْرِ فَوَقَتَهُ مَصَنَفَنتِ وَيَقْبِضَنَّ مَا يُمْسِكُهُنَ إِلَا الرَّحَنُ ﴾ (الْـمُلْكُ: ١٩).



4. All animals and birds live in communities like man. Allah, Glorified is He, says,

"And there is no creature on [or within] the earth or bird that flies with its wings except [that they are] communities like you ..." (*al-Anā* 'm:38) قَالَ اللهُ تَعَالَى: ﴿ وَمَايِنِ دَاَبَتَةٍ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا طَبَيْرٍ يَطِيرُ بِجَنَاحَيَّهِ إِلَّا أَمُمُ أَمَّالُكُم ﴾ (الْأَنْعَامُ: ٣٨).



The teacher then said, "As for our duties towards Allah's Omnipotence in creating the universe, they include:



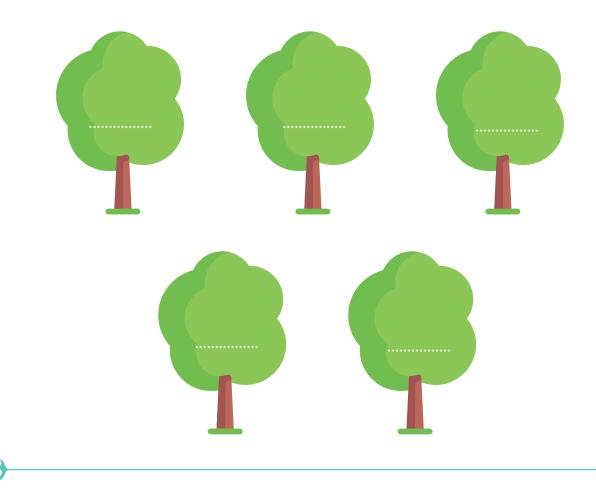
'Ali said, "May Allah reward you the best, my teacher."

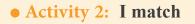




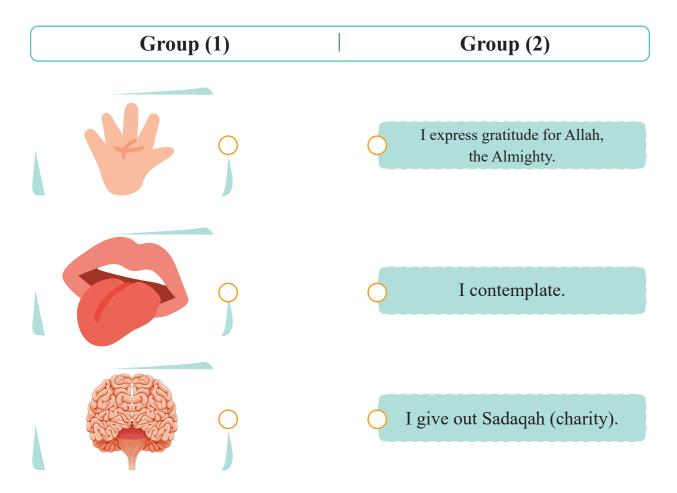
I choose the name of the animal that is mentioned in the Glorious Qur'an and write it in the following shape:

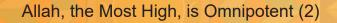
The dog - the donkey - the mule - the snake - the horse - the penguin





I match the pictures in Group (1) with the suitable way of expressing gratitude to Allah in Group (2):





• Activity 3: I cooperate with my teacher

I cooperate with my teacher to identify three features indicating Allah's Omnipotence in the creation of camels:

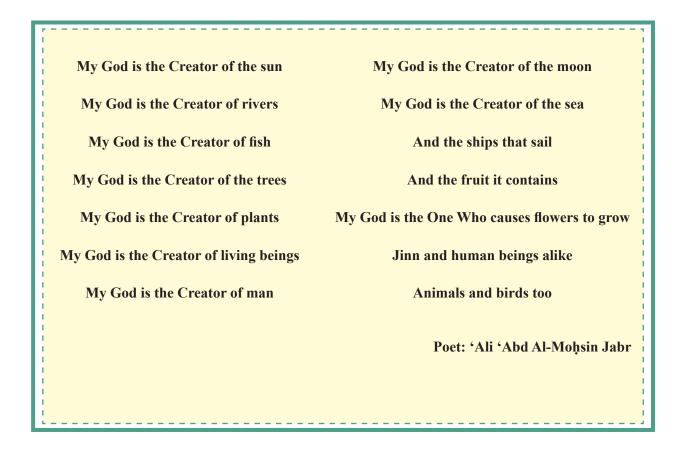
The eye – the foot – the hump



قَالَ تَعَالَى: **أَفَلَا يَنْظُرُونَ إِلَى ٱلْإِبِلِ** they not look at the camels - how they are created?" (*al-Ghāshiah*:17). (الْغَاشِيَةُ:١٧).

• Activity 4: I repeat the rhyme

I and my classmates repeat the following rhyme:





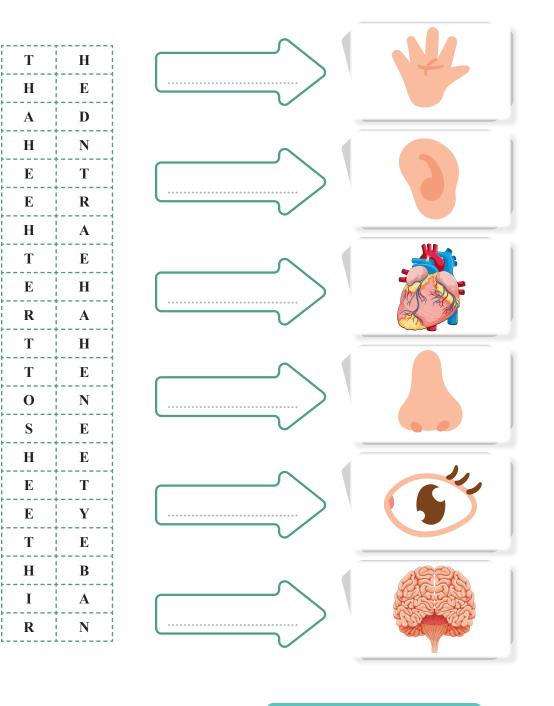
• Q1: I put (~) before the correct sentence and (×) before the wrong one:

1	<i>Al-Qādir</i> (the All-Omnipotent) is one of Allah's Most Beautiful Names.	
2	Birds live individually, not in communities.	
3	I obey Allah, the Most High, and express gratitude for Him for His Favors.	
4	Allah started the creation of man from water.	

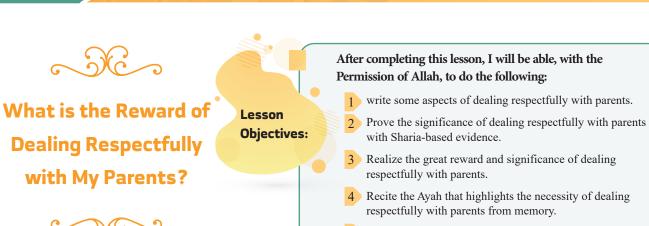
• Q2: I match the Glorious Ayahs in Group (1) with the suitable answer in Group (2):

Group (1)	Group (2)
تَعْفُونَتَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ besides Allah will never create [as much as] a fly, even if they gathered together for that purpose	لَيْ يَعْلَقُوا ذُبَ The bees that make honey لَنْ يَعْلَقُوا ذُبَ
"There emerges from their bellies a drink, varying in	The flies that none can create the like of them
ونِهَا شَرَابٌ مُخَلِفٌ ٱلْوَنَهُ. bellies a drink, varying in colors, in which there is healing for people "(<i>al-Naḥl</i> :69).	لوفيه شفاً للناس The camels are created by Allah, the Most High
إلَى ٱلْإِبْلِ كَيْفَ خُلِفَتْ (al-Ghāshiah:17).	لمَوْلَكُمْ يَظْرُونَ The ants are created by Allah, the Almighty, in communities like human beings

• Q3: I collect the letters referring to the shape and write them down inside the arrow in front of the correct body part:







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- 5 Deal respectfully with my parents.
- 6 Advise my classmates to deal respectfully with their parents.

Introduction



Contemplate and answer:

What do I see in this picture?

Is there any aspect of similarity between the picture and the title of our lesson?

Aḥmad heard the mother of Khālid saying to him, "I am content with you, Khālid. How proud I am with you, my son!"

So, Ahmad asked his friend Khālid, "Why is your mother content with and proud of you?"

Khālid replied, "Because I deal respectfully with my parents."

Then Ahmad asked, "What is the reward of dealing respectfully with parents?"

Khālid answered, "Dealing respectfully with parents has a great reward and I will sum it up for you in the following points:

It is one of the deeds loved most by Allah, the Almighty.

One day a Companion asked the Prophet (ﷺ), "Which of the deeds is loved most by Allah?" Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) replied, "Salah at its proper time." I asked, "What next?" He (ﷺ) replied, "Dealing respectfully with parents." I asked, "What next?" He replied, "Jihad in the path of Allah." Narrated by Al-Bukhārī, Hadith No. 527. سَلَّلَ أَحَدُ الصَّحَابَةِ رَيَّوَلَيْنَهُ عَنْهُ النَّبِيَ صَلَّالَتُلْعَلَيْهِوَسَلَةٍ: أَيُّ العَمَلِ أَحَبُّ إِلَى اللهُ؟ قَالَ: «الصَّلاَةُ عَلَى وَقَتِّهَا»، قَالَ: ثُمَ أَيُّ؟ قَالَ: «الجِهَادُ فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ» (رَوَاهُ البُخَارِيُّ ٢٢٥).

The reward of dealing respectfully with parents

A reason for admittance into Paradise.

The Prophet (ﷺ) said, "A parent is the best of the gates of Jannah ..." Narrated by Al-Tirmidhī, Hadith No. 1900.

عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّالَةَ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَالَ: «الْوَالِدُ أَوْسَطُ أَبْوَابِ الْجُنَّةِ» (رَوَاهُ التَّرْمِذِيُ

Makes Allah, the Most High, pleased with us.

The Prophet (ﷺ) said, "The Pleasure of the Lord lies in the pleasure of the parent. The Anger of the Lord lies in the anger of the parent." Narrated by Al-Tirmidhī, Hadith No. 1899. عَنِ النَّبِيِّ صَلَّالَنَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ قَـالَ: «رِضَـا الرَّبِّ فِي رِضَا الْوَالِدِ، وَسَخَطُ الرَّبِّ فِي سَخَطِ الْوَالِدِ» (رَوَاهُ التِّرْمِذِيُّ

What is the Reward of Dealing Respectfully with My Parents?

Ahmad then asked, "How can I fulfil this right towards my parents?"

Khālid replied, "These are some ways of how to fulfil this right of dealing respectfully with parents:



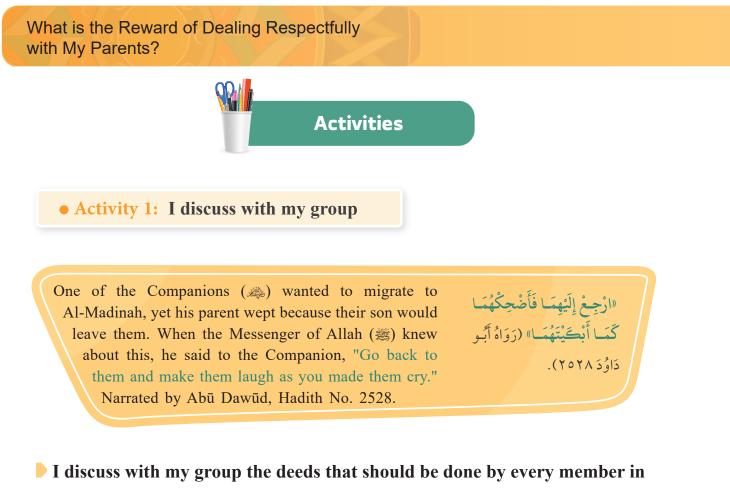
Aḥmad said to Khālid, "May Allah reward you the best, my friend. I will be keen on dealing respectfully with my parents, with the Permission of Allah, the Almighty."

I read and memorize:

Allah, the Most High, says,

"And your Lord has decreed that you not worship except Him, and to parents, good treatment. Whether one or both of them reach old age [while] with you, say not to them [so much as], "uff," and do not repel them but speak to them a noble word." (*al-Isrā*':23). قَالَ اللهُ تَعَالَى: ﴿وَقَضَىٰ رَبُّكَ أَلَا تَعْبُدُوَا إِلَا إِيَاهُ وَبِالْوَلِدَيْنِ إِحْسَنَنًا ﴿ إِمَا يَبْلُغَنَ عِندَكَ ٱلْكِبَرَ أَحَدُهُمَا أَوْ كِلَاهُمَا فَلَا تَقُلُ لَهُمَا أَفِ وَلَا نَهُرُهُمَا وَقُل لَهُمَا قَوْلًا كَرِيمًا (الْإِسْرَاءُ:٢٣).





it to make their parents happy.

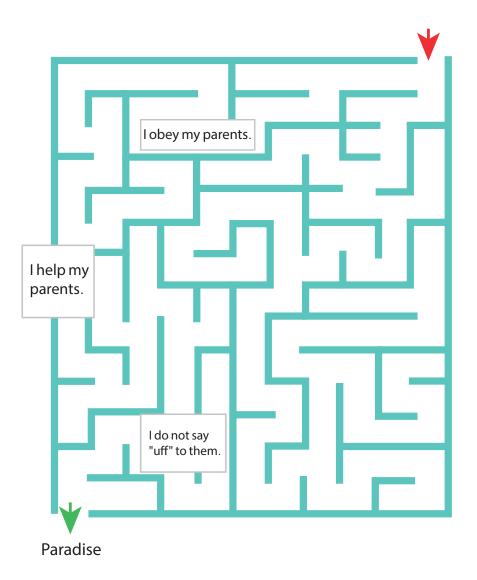
• Activity 2: I make a comment

I make an appropriate comment on the following picture and then discuss it with my teacher:



• Activity 3: I cooperate with the members of my family

In cooperation with one of my family members, I draw the right path that leads me to Paradise.









• Q1: I put (~) before the correct sentence and (×) before the wrong one:

1	I speak gently and politely with my father and mother.	
2	I care about my friend's satisfaction more than my parent's.	
3	I help my mother in tidying up the house.	

• Q2: I fill in the gaps with choosing the suitable words from the brackets:

(Allah – the parent – forgiveness – uff)

1 The Pleasure of Allah, the Most High, lies in the pleasure of

2 Obedience to parents is one of the deeds most beloved to, the Most High.

- 3 Allah, the Almighty, says, "Say not to them [so much as], and do not repel them".
- 4 I make $Du'\bar{a}'$ for to my father and mother.



